

False tamarisk

Myricaria germanica

Family

Tamaricaceae (tamarisk)

Also known as

German tamarisk

Where is it originally from?

Eurasia

What does it look like?

Deciduous shrub (<1.5 m) with upright branches and small, narrowly triangular leaves (<5.5 mm x 1.6 mm) held close to its branches that appear bluish-green due to salt secretions on the underside. Small, pink, 5-petalled (3 mm) flowers are in hanging clusters from January, and are followed by small grey capsules containing seeds (0.7-0.9 mm, Feb-Mar).

Are there any similar species?

Chinese tamarisk (*Tamarix chinensis*) and *T. parviflora* are very similar.

Why is it weedy?

Alters the natural environment of stony river beds.

How does it spread?

Seeds are spread by wind and water.

What damage does it do?

Reduces the habitat available for birds that nest in braided riverbeds, while also providing cover for the predators that attack them.

Which habitats is it likely to invade?

Stony riverbeds.

What can I do to get rid of it?

1. Physical removal - Hand pull seedlings, or dig out entire plant including roots (all year round): Burn, dispose of to refuse or compost in a composting weed bag.
2. Cut and paste (all year round) - Cut the stem/trunk as close to the ground as possible and cover the entire stump with herbicide as soon as possible after cutting. Apply metsulfuron gel (10g/l strength) to the entire cut stem.
3. Foliar spray (Late Spring to late Autumn) - Apply herbicide using a knapsack to small areas and plants <1m tall, or gun and hose for larger infestations. Use the adjuvant recommended on the label. Apply metsulfuron herbicide (600g/kg active ingredient at 0.5g/L knapsack or 35g/100L gun and hose) + organosilicone penetrant (3ml/L). Note: Overspray will kill other (desirable) broadleaf plants and has residual activity in the soil which aids in killing below ground parts. CAUTION: When using any herbicide or pesticide, PLEASE READ THE LABEL THOROUGHLY to ensure that all instructions and directions for the purchase, use and storage of the product, are followed and adhered to.

What can I do to stop it coming back?

Regularly revisit the site to check for regrowth and control the plant using the above suggestions prior to seeding.



www.weedbusters.org.nz



Photo: Trevor James



Photo: Murray Dawson



Photo: Trevor James